



कार्यालय आयुक्त, केन्द्रीय माल एवं सेवाकर एवं केन्द्रीय उत्पाद शुल्क,
माणिकबाग पैलेस, पोस्ट बैग नं.10, इन्दौर (म.प्र.)

OFFICE OF THE COMMISSIONER
CGST & CENTRAL EXCISE

MANIK BAGH PALACE, POST BAG NO.10, INDORE - 452 001 (M.P.)

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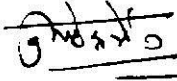
फा0 संख्या:I(Gen)30-01/18-19/GST/IT/ 24752

इन्दौर, दिनांक 04.01.2019

इस पत्र के साथ मंत्रालय से प्राप्त अधिसूचना / परिपत्र / निर्देश व्यापार सूचना / सूचना / मुख्यालय इन्दौर से जारी पत्र संख्या **Trade Notice No. 61/2018-19 dated 04.01.2019** की प्रति आयुक्तालय, केन्द्रीय माल एवं सेवाकर एवं केन्द्रीय उत्पाद शुल्क, इन्दौर के निम्नलिखित अधिकारियों एवं अन्य की सूचना / मार्ग दर्शन एवं आवश्यक कार्यवाही हेतु अग्रेषित की जा रही है :

- 1 मुख्य आयुक्त, केन्द्रीय माल एवं सेवाकर एवं केन्द्रीय उत्पाद शुल्क, भोपाल ।
- 2 आयुक्त, केन्द्रीय माल एवं सेवाकर एवं केन्द्रीय उत्पाद शुल्क, मुख्यालय इन्दौर ।
- 3 आयुक्त, (अपील) केन्द्रीय माल एवं सेवाकर एवं केन्द्रीय उत्पाद शुल्क, भोपाल ।
- 4 अपर आयुक्त, केन्द्रीय माल एवं सेवाकर एवं केन्द्रीय उत्पाद शुल्क, इन्दौर ।
- 5 उप आयुक्त (System), केन्द्रीय माल एवं सेवाकर एवं केन्द्रीय उत्पाद शुल्क, इन्दौर ।
- 6 सभी उप आयुक्त /सहायक आयुक्त, केन्द्रीय माल एवं सेवाकर एवं केन्द्रीय उत्पाद शुल्क, इन्दौर (Preventive/Review/Legal/Confidential/Technical('SI')) ।
- 7 सभी प्रभागीय उप /सहायक आयुक्त, केन्द्रीय माल एवं सेवाकर एवं केन्द्रीय उत्पाद शुल्क, इन्दौर-I/II/III/IV/V/VI/VII/VIII Dewas
- 16 प्रमुख लेखा अधिकारी, केन्द्रीय माल एवं सेवाकर एवं केन्द्रीय उत्पाद शुल्क, इन्दौर ।
- 17 Shri Rajan Pillai, The Indore Customs House Agents Association, 405, Alankar Point, Geeta Bhawan Square, A.B.Road, Indore.
- 18 The Chairman Association of Industries Madhya Pradesh, 6, Polo Ground, Above State Bank of India, Indore.
- 19 The Chairman, The Madhya Pradesh Textile Mills Association, Jail Sabhagraha, 56/1, South Tukoganj, Indore.
- 20 The Chairman, All India Manufacturers Organisation, 10, Polo Ground, Industrial Estate, Indore- 452003.
- 21 The Chairman, Indore Branch of CIRC of ICAI, ICAI Bhavan, Plot No.19-B, Scheme No.78, Near SICA School, Indore.
- 22 The Chairman, Tax Practitioner's Association, Room No.17, Ground Floor, Aayakar Bhavan (Main Building), Opposite White Church, Indore.
- 23 गार्ड / मास्टर फाईल ।


संलग्न : उपरोक्तानुसार


विवेन्द्र जैन

04/01/19

संयुक्त आयुक्त (तकनीकी)

सीजीएसटी एवं केन्द्रीय उत्पाद शुल्क, मुख्यालय इन्दौर

		<p align="center">OFFICE OF THE COMMISSIONER CGST & CENTRAL EXCISE MANIK BAGH PALACE, POST BAG NO.10, INDORE - 452 001 (M.P.) PhoneNo.+91731-2762222,2360590, Fax No.+91731-2470898,2471474, 2446358,2446274,2479874 Email-technicalcex@gmail.com</p>
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TRADE NOTICE NO.61/2018-19

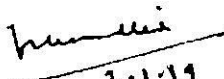
Dated: 02.01.2019

Subject: Clarification on certain issues (sale by government departments to unregistered person; leviability of penalty under section 73(11) of the CGST Act; rate of tax in case of debit notes/credit notes issued under section 142(2) of the CGST Act; applicability of notification No.50/2018-Central Tax; valuation methodology in case of TCS under Income Tax Act and definition of owner of goods) related to GST-reg.

Copy of Circular No.76/50/2018-GST dated 31.12.2018 issued under F. No. 20/16/04/2018-GST Commissioner (GST), Government of India, Ministry of Finance, Department of Revenue, CBIC, New Delhi is communicated herewith.

2. The contents of the Trade Notice may be brought to the knowledge of all constituent members of Trade Associations/ Chamber of Commerce and Industry/Members of RAC and all others concerned persons under the jurisdiction of CGST Commissionerate Indore.

(Issued from file C. No. I(Gen)30-01/18-19/GST/T)


2-1-19
(Neerav Kumar Mallick)
Commissioner

To,
As per mailing list.

Copy of Circular No.76/50/2018-GST dated 31.12.2018 issued under F. No. 20/16/04/2018-GST Commissioner (GST), Government of India, Ministry of Finance, Department of Revenue, CBIC, New Delhi.

F. No. CBEC-20/16/04/2018-GST
Government of India
Ministry of Finance
Department of Revenue
Central Board of Indirect Taxes and Customs
GST Policy Wing

New Delhi, Dated the 31st December 2018

To,

The Principal Chief Commissioners/ Chief Commissioners/Principal Commissioners/
 Commissioners of Central Tax (All)/

The Principal Directors General/ Directors General (All)

Madam/Sir,

Subject: Clarification on certain issues (sale by government departments to unregistered person; leviability of penalty under section 73(11) of the CGST Act; rate of tax in case of debit notes / credit notes issued under section 142(2) of the CGST Act; applicability of notification No. 50/2018-Central Tax; valuation methodology in case of TCS under Income Tax Act and definition of owner of goods) related to GST-Reg.

Various representations have been received seeking clarification on certain issues under the GST laws. In order to clarify these issues and to ensure uniformity of implementation across field formations, the Board, in exercise of its powers conferred under section 168 (1) of the Central Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017 (hereinafter referred to as the CGST Act) is hereby clarified as follows below:

Sl. No	Issue	Clarification
1.	Whether the supply of used vehicles, seized and confiscated goods, old and used goods, waste and scrap by Government departments are taxable under GST?	<p>1. It may be noted that intra-State and inter-State supply of used vehicles, seized and confiscated goods, old and used goods, waste and scrap made by the Central Government, State Government, Union territory or a local authority is a taxable supply under GST.</p> <p>2. Vide notification No. 36/2017-Central</p>

	<p>Tax (Rate) and notification No. 37/2017-Integrated Tax (Rate) both dated 13.10.2017, it has been notified that intra-State and inter-State supply respectively of used vehicles, seized and confiscated goods, old and used goods, waste and scrap by the Central Government, State Government, Union territory or a local authority to any <i>registered person</i>, would be subject to GST on reverse charge basis as per which tax is payable by the recipient of such supplies.</p> <p>3. A doubt has arisen about taxability of intra-State and inter-State supply of used vehicles, seized and confiscated goods, old and used goods, waste and scrap made by the Central Government, State Government, Union territory or a local authority to an <i>unregistered person</i>.</p> <p>4. It was noted that such supply to an unregistered person is also a taxable supply under GST but is not covered under notification No. 36/2017-Central Tax (Rate) and notification No. 37/2017-Integrated Tax (Rate) both dated 13.10.2017.</p> <p>5. In this regard, it is clarified that the respective Government departments (i.e. Central Government, State Government, Union territory or a local authority) shall be liable to get registered and pay GST on intra-State and inter-State supply of used vehicles, seized and confiscated goods, old and used goods, waste and scrap made</p>
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		<p>by them to an <i>unregistered person</i> subject to the provisions of sections 23 and 24 of the CGST Act.</p>
2.	<p>Whether penalty in accordance with section 73 (11) of the CGST Act should be levied in cases where the return in FORM GSTR-3B has been filed after the due date of filing such return?</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. As per the provisions of section 73(11) of the CGST Act, penalty is payable in case self-assessed tax or any amount collected as tax has not been paid within a period of thirty days from the due date of payment of such tax. 2. It may be noted that a show cause notice (SCN for short) is required to be issued to a person where it appears to the proper officer that any tax has not been paid or short paid or erroneously refunded or where input tax credit has been wrongly availed or utilised for any reason under the provisions of section 73(1) of the CGST Act. The provisions of section 73(11) of the CGST Act can be invoked only when the provisions of section 73 are invoked. 3. The provisions of section 73 of the CGST Act are generally not invoked in case of delayed filing of the return in FORM GSTR-3B because tax along with applicable interest has already been paid but after the due date for payment of such tax. It is accordingly clarified that penalty under the provisions of section 73(11) of the CGST Act is not payable in such cases. It is further clarified that since the tax has been paid late in contravention of the provisions of the CGST Act, a general penalty under section 125 of the CGST

		Act may be imposed after following the due process of law.
3.	In case a debit note is to be issued under section 142(2)(a) of the CGST Act or a credit note under section 142(2)(b) of the CGST Act, what will be the tax rate applicable i.e., the rate in the pre-GST regime or the rate applicable under GST?	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. It may be noted that as per the provisions of section 142(2) of the CGST Act, in case of revision of prices of any goods or services or both on or after the appointed day (i.e., 01.07.2017), a supplementary invoice or debit/credit note may be issued which shall be deemed to have been issued in respect of an outward supply made under the CGST Act. 2. It is accordingly clarified that in case of revision of prices, after the appointed date, of any goods or services supplied before the appointed day thereby requiring issuance of any supplementary invoice, debit note or credit note, the rate as per the provisions of the GST Acts (both CGST and SGST or IGST) would be applicable.
4.	Applicability of the provisions of section 51 of the CGST Act (TDS) in the context of notification No. 50/2018-Central Tax dated 13.09.2018.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. A doubt has arisen about the applicability of long line mentioned in clause (a) of notification No. 50/2018- Central Tax dated 13.09.2018. 2. It is clarified that the long line written in clause (a) in notification No. 50/2018- Central Tax dated 13.09.2018 is applicable to both the items (i) and (ii) of clause (a) of the said notification. Thus, an authority or a board or any other body whether set up by an Act of Parliament or a State Legislature or established by any Government with fifty-one per cent. or more participation by way of equity or

		<p>control, to carry out any function which is only be liable to deduct tax at source.</p> <p>3. In other words, the provisions of section 51 of the CGST Act are applicable only to such authority or a board or any other body set up by an Act of parliament or State legislature or established by Government in which fifty one per cent. or more participation by way of equity or control is with the Government.</p>
5.	<p>What is the correct valuation methodology for ascertainment of GST on Tax collected at source (TCS) under the provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961?</p>	<p>1. Section 15(2) of CGST Act specifies that the value for the purpose of levying taxes, duties cesses, fees and charges levied under any law for the time being in force other than this Act, the SGST Act, the UTGST Act and the GST (Compensation to States) Act, if charged separately by the supplier.</p> <p>2. It is clarified that as per the above provisions, taxable value for the purposes of GST shall include the TCS amount collected under the provisions of the Income Tax Act since the value to be paid to the supplier by the buyer is inclusive of the said TCS.</p>
6.	<p>Who will be considered as the owner of the goods for the purposes of section 129(1) of the CGST Act?</p>	<p>It is hereby clarified that if the invoice or any other specified document is accompanying the consignment of goods, then either the consignor or the consignee should be deemed to be the owner. If the invoice or any other specified document is not accompanying the consignment of goods, then in such cases, the proper officer should determine who should be declared as the owner of the goods.</p>

Circular No. 76/50/2018-GST

(Upender Gupta)
Commissioner (GST)